**PRODUCT CLAIM ADVERTISEMENTS**

**a. INCORRECT**

The image of the young girl in the ad is misleading because the fictional drug is approved for use only in adults 18 years of age and older.
Although claims generally must be supported by data from well-designed studies, consumers may not know if such studies exist or what they show. If FDA determines that claims are not supported, it will take action to have the ad fixed. In the short term, if you have doubts about a claim in an advertisement, you should talk to your healthcare provider.

This ad falsely states that Arbitraer is approved to help control asthma symptoms. This fictional drug (see the Correct Product Claim Ad) is approved to treat seasonal nasal allergy symptoms.
As stated above, although claims generally must be supported by data from well-designed studies, consumers may not know if such studies exist or what they show. If FDA determines that claims are not supported, it will take action to have the ad fixed. In the short term, if you have doubts about a claim in an advertisement, you should talk to your healthcare provider.

This ad presents Arbitraer's risks in small type size and positions this information far from where the benefits are discussed, so it is harder for the reader to notice and read the risks. "Fair balance" requires that risks and benefits be similarly clear.
The ad does not include the "brief summary," which includes additional required risk information. The law requires that ads include this "brief summary." Also, the ad does not include the statement "You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit MedWatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088." This statement is required to be included in print ads by the Food and Drug Amendments Act of 2007.
b. CORRECT
**Answers:** FDA Print Advertisement Activity  
Source: [https://www.fda.gov/drugs/information-consumers-and-patients-drugs/prescription-drug-advertising](https://www.fda.gov/drugs/information-consumers-and-patients-drugs/prescription-drug-advertising)

1. Product claim ads must identify the drug's **brand** and **generic** names. The ad correctly mentions the fictional drug's brand name, Arbitraer, and its generic name, misvastatium.

2. Product claim ads must accurately state an FDA-approved use for the drug. In addition, the ad may not make a claim that is not supported by substantial evidence or substantial clinical experience. This ad appropriately states that Arbitraer is approved to treat seasonal allergy symptoms.

3. Product claim ads should say that the drug is given by prescription only. This ad appropriately states that Arbitraer is a prescription drug.
**Answers:** FDA Print Advertisement Activity

Source: [https://www.fda.gov/drugs/information-consumers-and-patients-drugs/prescription-drug-advertising](https://www.fda.gov/drugs/information-consumers-and-patients-drugs/prescription-drug-advertising)

4. This ad provides the required "fair balance" of information about the risks and benefits of Arbitrera. The ad as a whole does not put more emphasis on the drug's benefits than its risks.

5. The man on the beach who is pictured in the ad is in the approved age range for users of the drug. The ad also reinforces this point by stating that Arbitrera is for adults 18 and older and is not for use in children.

6. As required by the Food and Drug Amendments Act of 2007, print ads must include the statement "You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit [MedWatch](https://www.fda.gov/medwatch), or call 1-800-FDA-1088."
Print ads must include a "brief summary" of all the risks listed in the drug's FDA-approved prescribing information. The "brief summary" contains one or more pages of important information about a drug's risks. The "brief summary" usually follows the part of the ad that displays colorful images and graphics. View the Brief Summary (23Kb)

The ad directs the reader to seek a doctor's advice about taking Arbitraer. The drug company has included this statement as a way to ensure that a consumer will not think he or she is qualified to make the prescribing decision.

Product claim ads may provide sources of further information, such as a website and toll-free telephone number.
REMINDER ADVERTISEMENTS

**a. CORRECT**

The ad does not describe or name the condition the drug treats or make dosage recommendations. Notice that neither allergies nor any allergy symptoms are mentioned or pictured.
Reminder ads must identify the drug's brand name (if it has one) and its generic name. The ad correctly mentions the fictional drug's brand name, Arbitraer, and its generic name, misvastatium.
The picture of a set of lungs suggests that the drug works on someone's lungs or on their breathing. This picture is not allowed in a reminder ad because these ads cannot suggest
what the
drug does.

The phrase
"Breathe
Easy" suggests
the drug will
help a
person breathe
easier. This
kind of
statement is
not allowed
in a
reminder ad
because it
suggests
the
condition
the drug
treats. Reminder
ads must
not say or
suggest any
benefit of
the drug, or
such things
as who
should take
it.

All reminder
ads must
mention the
drug's brand
name (if it
has one) and
generic
name. While this
ad includes
the fictional
drug's brand
name,
Arbitraer, it incorrectly omits its generic name, misvastatiu m.
**Help-Seeking Advertisements**

The ad describes the symptoms of seasonal allergies, but it also includes the name of a specific (fictional) drug ("Arbitraer"). Therefore,
we would consider it a product claim ad. As a result, the ad needs to meet all the requirements for a product claim ad.

To be a help-seeking ad, the text cannot recommend a specific drug as a treatment. Because it directs the reader to ask about a specific drug, we would consider the ad a product claim ad. Directing the reader to ask a healthcare provider about symptoms is appropriate. To be a help-seeking ad, it could say, "Ask your healthcare
Help-seeking ads may identify the company sponsoring the ad and provide a telephone number to call or a website to visit for more information.
The image in this ad identifies a person who may have seasonal allergy symptoms. The ad does not show an image of a specific drug.
Answers: FDA Print Advertisement Activity
Source: https://www.fda.gov/drugs/information-consumers-and-patients-drugs/prescription-drug-advertising

2 This help-seeking ad identifies seasonal allergy symptoms without identifying a possible drug treatment.

3 This and any help-seeking ad may recommend that readers seek the advice of their healthcare provider.

4 While this ad may not name a drug, it may identify the company sponsoring the ad and provide a telephone number to call or a website to visit for more information.
Answers: FDA Print Advertisement Activity
Source: https://www.fda.gov/drugs/information-consumers-and-patients-drugs/prescription-drug-advertising